

Cloud Security Switch for CCTVs





## TiFRONT Cloud Security Switch for CCTVs

## Are you planning to install IP cameras? Enhance the security with the proprietary switch



## Security for the CCTV Network and Password Management for IP Cameras

With the Common Criteria certification, PIOLINK's TiFRONT Cloud Security Switch for CCTVs is the specialized switch for the internal network security and IP cameras' password management.



## Security measures are needed for the CCTV network, too.

Security Policies on Threats toward the CCTV Network



#### Security Incidents due to Users' Carelessness

Even if you separate the network to prevent CCTV hacking, security threats can occur. This is because IP camera account manager or outsourced staff can become unintentional attackers when they access the network. The switch for CCTVs is the next-generation switch with internal network security technology.

#### TiMatrix, a High-Performance Security Engine

- applying proprietary security algorithm for the internal network
   security
- blocking malicious traffic, attempts of snatching video, and access from unauthorized terminals
- responding to zero-day threats with no signatures
- maintaining the maximum line speed while running the security features

### Blocking Malicious Traffic



# Preventing the Spread of Ransomware through IP Cameras

Ransomware is the most frequent malicious code attack in recent years, and the damage is large as well. The switch for CCTVs can minimize the damage by preventing ransomware from spreading through IP cameras.

#### Blocking DoS Attacks Which Use IP Cameras as Bots

The switch for CCTVs detects and blocks large volumes of traffic from IP cameras and IoT devices. This can prevent internal network failures caused by traffic surges, and block DoS attacks on target hosts.

### **Access Controls**



# Preventing IP Camera Video and PC Screens from Leakage

Private data and trade secrets are protected by blocking attacks (e.g. ARP spoofing) which hijack IP camera video and user PC screens.



# Internal network access control for unauthorized terminals

It identifies various terminals such as IP cameras, laptop computers, smart phones, etc. using IP/MAC addresses and blocks access to the internal network if they are not registered.

## IP Camera Management, TiController Makes It Simple

IP cameras became important not only for security purposes, but also for big data collection sensors in the 4th Industrial Revolution era. In particular, users need to change passwords to prevent IoT hacking attempts as IP cameras have increased industrial utilization by combining AI-based image recognition and analysis technologies.



### Checking the Statuses of IP Cameras at a Glance



managing information of IP camera management switches



Abacking leastings of ID apage

checking locations of IP camera management switches



managing problems on IP camera management switches

analyzing traffic statuses in real time

## The Optimal Switch for Installing CCTV Networks

Maintaining the Network Stability



#### ERPS (Ethernet Ring Protection Switching)

Loops are prevented by blocking specific links on a ring-shaped network.



#### Preventing Loops for the Non-STP Configurations

The STP feature is supported as the default. If a loop occurs on a network which does not support the STP, the service can be maintained as traffic overloads are prevented by automatically blocking the ports.



#### Maintaining the Wire-Speed Performance While Running Security Features

With the high-performance multi-core hardware security engine, the maximum wire speed can be maintained with no latency on the traffic even while checking the security.

#### Troubleshooting and Remote Power Controlling with TiController

Without visiting each site, you can check problems on the network and cables with the commands such as "ping" and "traceroute". Especially if there is a problem on a switch, it is very convenient to restart the system remotely.

#### PoE

Remote

Troubleshooting



#### Multiple PoE+ Ports for Connecting to IP Cameras

With a LAN cable, it is possible to support the power supply and video transmission for a pan-tilt-zoom camera at once. From 8 to 24 PoE+ ports (IEEE 802.3at) which support the power of 30 watts.

#### Noiseless



#### **Fanless Switches**

You can use switches even at workplaces as there are no fans with noise.

(available for CC2510G, CC2510GP, and CC2528GXP)

## Switches for CCTVs

TiFRONT	CC2510G	CC2510GP	CC2528GX	CC2528GXP
Switch Fabric	20 Gbps	20 Gbps	128 Gbps	128 Gbps
Forwarding Rate	29.76 Mpps	29.76 Mpps	190.48 Mpps	190.48 Mpps
DRAM Memory	256 MB	256 MB	512 MB	512 MB
Flash Memory	288 MB	288 MB	256 MB	272 MB
Ethernet Ports (total)	10	10	28	28
1GbE Copper	8	8	24	24
1GbE Fiber (SFP)	2	2	4 (dual media SFP)	_
10GbE Fiber (SFP+)	_	-	4	4
PoE	_	802.3af, 802.3at	_	802.3af, 802.3at
Power Input	DC 12-48 V	DC 48-57 V	AC 100-240 V (50/60 Hz)	
Power Supplies	external (optional)	external (optional)	single/dual	single
Power Consumption (W)	17	17	30.1 (S) / 30.6 (D)	26 (S)
Dimension (WxDxH, mm)	72 × 118 × 145	72 × 118 × 145	440 × 215 × 44	440 × 331 × 44
Weight (kg)	0.85	0.88	2.75 (S) / 2.9 (D)	6.0 (S)
Fan	fanless	fanless	fans	fanless
IPv6	IPv6 ready logo (Phase II)			
RoHS Compliant	RoHS compliant			
Security Certifiation	CC (EAL2)			

#### Details

L2		ACL	L2/L3/L4-based filtering	Others	• IP source guard, dynamic ARP
Port Management	<ul> <li>auto negotiation / speed / duplex</li> <li>flow control</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>VLAN ACL</li> <li>ACL filter naming</li> <li>time-based ACL</li> </ul>		inspection, embedded RADIUS, detecting unauthorized wireless routers, detecting devices, DHCP
VLAN	VLAN • port-based/protocol/MAC/subnet VLAN • 802.10		<ul> <li>supporting the PoE+ standard (802.3at)</li> <li>enabling/disabling it for each port</li> <li>setting priorities of the power supply</li> </ul>		filtering, NetBIOS filtering, detecting self-loops, system access
	hybrid VLAN		for each port	Management	
	<ul> <li>private VLAN</li> <li>ingress/egress tagging</li> <li>maximum VLAN (4K)</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>blocking the PoE power supply for each port</li> <li>scheduling the PoE power</li> <li>monitoring the operation status</li> </ul>	SNMP	<ul> <li>SNMP v1/v2c/v3</li> <li>public MIB (system, interface, IP address, UCD, router (RFC-1213), protocol (TCP, UDP, SNMP, ICMP), RFC1573 private interface MIB)</li> <li>private MIB (learning MAC address</li> </ul>
Spanning Tree MAC Learning		Network Redundancy	ERPS (Ethernet Ring Protection     Switching)		
	Much Intering     duplicate MAC address learning     prevention     reserve MAC learning prevention     static entry support     independent VLAN learning	Jumbo Frame	supported		tables, security configurations)
		Security			<ul> <li>SNMP trap (authentication, port link up/down)</li> </ul>
		Anomalous Traffic	<ul> <li>1-to-1 flooding, random flooding, IP scanning, port scanning, IP spoofing, ARP spoofing, neighbor spoofing, MAC flooding, counting &amp; logging</li> <li>supporting the IPv4/IPv6 security features</li> <li>automatically detecting/blocking/cancelling</li> <li>blocking for each source MAC/IP address</li> </ul>	CLI Interface	• Telnet, SSH, consoles
	• maximum MAC entry (16 K / 32 K)			EMS Interface	• SNMP, syslog, SSH
Port Mirroring	• port mirroring (N:N)			Authentication	• RADIUS, TACACS+
Link Aggregation	LACP     link trunking     LACP load balancing     trunk groups (8)     members per group (8)			User Management	<ul> <li>logging in with a password, session timeout configuration, multiple users, authority for each user, multiple configurations</li> </ul>
IGMP	static trunk load balancing     join/leave, multicast group (1K)	Protocol	setting exceptions for detection     DAD attacks, LAND attacks,     together attacks, and attacks,	Configuration and OS Management	• updating the OS via TFTP
Snooping	• v1/v2/v3	Anomaly	teardrop attacks, abnormal L4 source port ranges, same ports (source/	Logging In/Out	• syslog server, monitoring, log
QoS	<ul> <li>L2, L3, L4 header-based classification</li> <li>8 CoS queues per port</li> </ul>		destination port number), abnormal TCP flags, TCP fragment attacks, ICMP flood attacks, Smurf attacks		threshold management, backing up logs, monitoring system/security logs
	<ul> <li>differentiated services</li> <li>IEEE 802.1p priority</li> <li>CoS, DSCP, IP precedence</li> </ul>	Port Protection	• limiting the number of MAC addresses	Monitoring	• port statistics, usage rates of the CPU/memory, fans, the watchdog, temperature sensors
	<ul><li> priority marking/remarking</li><li> rate limiting/shaping</li></ul>	Account Management	<ul><li> login/logout history</li><li> history of running commands</li></ul>	Others	• UDLD

## TiController (extra options)

1	• Zero-Touch Installation: DHCP/static networks, the cellular network	Device Replacement	applying current configurations without backing then	
Installation	<ul> <li>Plug-In: updating the OS and configurations with a USB flash drive</li> <li>switches' web GUIs</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>VLAN, voice VLAN</li> <li>MAC learning</li> <li>port settings</li> <li>RPVSTP</li> <li>mirroring</li> <li>self-loops</li> <li>ACL</li> <li>QoS</li> <li>LACP</li> <li>LLDP</li> <li>IGMP snooping</li> <li>RSPAN (remote mirroring)</li> </ul>	
Management	<ul> <li>Multitenancy: role-based</li> <li>Devices: topology, ports, traffic</li> <li>Traffic: statistics on traffic usage per network/port/host</li> <li>Ports: port scheduling</li> <li>Maps: locations of switches with the network information</li> <li>Firmware: overall/scheduled updates</li> <li>Backing up Configurations: automatically backing up configurations</li> <li>Alarms: notifications about problems on the system</li> </ul>	Device Configurations (Layer 2)		
	<ul> <li>Remote Troubleshooting: live tools, technical assistant</li> <li>Passwords for IP Cameras</li> <li>bulk updates on passwords and managing usage history</li> </ul>	Remote Connection	<ul> <li>connecting from a remote console</li> </ul>	
		Topology	<ul> <li>topology map</li> </ul>	
Passwords for IP Cameras	<ul> <li>bulk updates on passwords and managing usage history</li> </ul>		• collecting host information and configuring policies	
	<ul> <li>security level setting (high/middle/low)</li> <li>flooding / scanning / protocol anomaly setting</li> </ul>	IT Asset Management	<ul> <li>collecting/sorting/updating asset information</li> </ul>	
TiMatrix Security	ARP spoofing / MAC flood setting     SMB tracing / scanning setting	IPT Line Number Chart	• filling out the IPT line number chart	
Others	traffic storm control     system ACLs	Dashboard	<ul> <li>component-type and alarming dashboard</li> <li>information on the performance of the device</li> <li>traffic statuses on hosts and ports</li> <li>network alarms</li> </ul>	
Virtual Configurations	• configuring in advance from TiController even without an actual switch			
	<ul> <li>managing switches as one without physically</li> </ul>	Log Management	<ul> <li>security logs, event logs, audit logs</li> </ul>	
Virtual Stacking	connecting them • configuring switches within a network at once	Reports	• user-defined reports • scheduled reports	

## Recommendations for Deployed TiController

	TiController 100	TiController 500	TiController 1000
Туре	hardware appliance	hardware appliance	hardware appliance
CPU	1 x Intel Xeon 3.0 GHz	1 x Intel Xeon 3.0 GHz	2 x Intel Xeon 2.1 GHz
Memory	16GB	64GB	128GB
HDD	1 x SATA- III 1TB	4 × SATA-III 1TB	8 x SATA-III 1TB
Size	1RU	1RU	1RU
Managed Switches	up to 100 units	up to 500 units	up to 1000 units
LAN	2 x gigabit Ethernet	2 x gigabit Ethernet	2 x gigabit Ethernet

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